1	dgeck@sbcourts.org;		
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8	SUPERIOR COURT OF T	HE STATE OF CALIFORNIA	
9	FOR THE COUNTY OF SANTA BARBARA		
10			
11			
12	[) Case No.: [
13	Plaintiff[s],) PRE-TRIAL ORDER: COURT TRIAL	
14	vs.) TRIAL DATE: [
15	Defendant[s].	ý)	
16		ý)	
17	AND CROSS COMPLAINT))	
18))	
19	TERS OFFICE A	-	
20	IT IS ORDERED that:		
21	Witness Lists. If not already done, each lead trial counsel shall forthwith file, serve		
22	and, e-mail to the court at dgeck@sbcourts.org as an e-mail attachment (Microsoft Word		
24		's proposed witnesses. Witnesses may not be	
25	added to the list during trial except for good cause shown.		
26	Evidence Binders. If not already done, each lead trial counsel shall forthwith file,		
27	serve and, e-mail to the court at dgeck@sbcourts.org as an e-mail attachment (Microsoft Word preferred) a table of contents of that party's exhibits in the evidence binder. Trial counsel f		
28	all sides shall confer about their intended numbering of exhibits/numbers to be used. For		
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	Pre-Trial Or	der Court Trial	

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example, Plaintiff/Petitioner shall use numbers 1 – 200 and Defendant/Respondent shall use numbers 201 – 400 adjusting the numbers as necessary to accommodate both parties number of exhibits and shall bring their evidence binder (binders shall be between 2½ and 3 inches in size) with a table of contents and numbered tab for each exhibit as ordered in the TRIAL CALL ORDER to the Court the first morning start of trial. No exhibit, except an impeachment exhibit, shall be marked for identification or received in evidence if it is not identified and described on the trial exhibit index, except for good cause shown. All exhibits in the evidence binder(s) shall be marked for identification as they are referred to during trial. Each party shall identify for the clerk the block of exhibits he or she intends to use in the next trial segment so they can be marked for identification during a recess. Medical bills or invoices shall be tabbed and marked separately from medical records or other documents. Multi-paged exhibits shall be internally numbered by Bates stamp or other consecutive numbering.

Counsel stipulated and agreed that, after judgment is entered, each counsel, as an officer of the court, shall retain custody of and preserve the exhibits on that party's Exhibit List that were marked for identification until 30 days after expiration of time to file a notice of appeal.

Use of Exhibits. No exhibit shall be displayed before it is received into evidence, except with permission of the court. No model, chart, photograph or writing shall be used in opening statement, except by prior order of the court and agreement of all counsel.

No exhibit during trial shall be marked for identification until copies have been delivered to the court and opposing counsel or, at a minimum and for good cause shown, opposing counsel has had an opportunity to inspect and review the exhibit.

Deposition Transcripts. No deposition transcript shall be read in court until a condensed or other copy has been furnished to the court. Admissible portions of a party deposition may be used for any purpose and read into the record. Non-party depositions may be used only for impeachment absent further order of the court, in which case relevant and impeaching deposition testimony may be read into the record without comment. Foundational questions about depositions shall be kept to a minimum and questions whether the witness

remembers giving certain testimony at his or her deposition shall not be permitted absent further order of the court.

Time estimates and Examination of Witnesses. The final time estimate for trial, including pre-trial conferences, conferences or hearings during court hours, opening statements, closing arguments and all examination of witnesses including direct examination, cross-examination, redirect, re-cross, rebuttal examination and so forth is ______ hours.

Each party shall be allocated the following amount of time for all opening statements, closing arguments, motions during trial hours, and all examination of witnesses including direct examination, cross-examination, redirect, re-cross and rebuttal examination.

Plaintiff [and cross-defendant]	hours and	minutes
Defendant [and cross-complainant]	hours and	minutes

Time management is the responsibility of each party's lead trial counsel and each party will be advised at the close of each trial day of the amount of time remaining on the Court's and each party's time estimate. Following breaks or recesses, time shall be charged to the examination that follows the recess beginning at the scheduled time for the end of the recess. If another party abuses the prompt commencing of proceedings after recess, or a witness is grossly evasive or non-responsive, the court may reallocate time in the interests of justice.

In cases where a party is represented by multiple attorneys, one attorney shall conduct the entire examination of one witness, including sidebar conferences, and one attorney shall give the entire opening statement and one attorney shall give the entire closing argument (including rebuttal) for one party.

Order of Proof. In cases involving cross-complaints or other actions consolidated for trial, examination shall proceed first on the complaint and shall be limited to examination, cross-examination and so forth on the Plaintiff's case in chief followed by Defendant's case in chief and any rebuttal. Next, examination shall proceed on the cross-complaint and shall be limited to examination, cross-examination and so forth on the cross-complainant's case in chief followed by cross-Defendant's case in chief and any rebuttal. Next, examination shall proceed on any consolidated complaint and shall be limited to examination, cross-examination and so forth on

the Plaintiff's case in chief followed by Defendant's case in chief and any rebuttal, and so forth as above. Upon prior approval of the court, witnesses may be called out of order for convenience of the witness, but the order of examination shall remain the same.

The order of closing argument shall be: each Plaintiff's closing argument; each Defendant's closing argument; each Plaintiff's rebuttal argument; each cross-complainant's closing argument (limited to new matter alleged only in the cross-complaint); each cross-Defendant's closing argument (limited to new matter alleged only in the answer to cross-complaint); each cross-complainant's rebuttal argument.

Court Etiquette. During opening statement and trial counsel shall speak from the lectern or counsel table except when reasonably required to be elsewhere to refer to an exhibit. During closing argument, counsel may speak from wherever they wish. Counsel shall request permission to approach the witness and shall not enter the well. Counsel shall avoid familiar address of witnesses by first name or nickname.

Objections. No speaking objections shall be allowed without permission of the court. State only the ground of the objection. If the objection is hearsay, the proponent of the evidence shall state only the purpose for which it is offered. If the court finds the evidence is hearsay, the proponent of the evidence shall state only the exception in a word or two. If the objection is relevance, the proponent of the evidence shall state only the ultimate or intermediate fact it is offered to prove, in a word or two. If the objection is foundation, the objecting party will be asked for the elements of foundation claimed to be missing in a word or two each.

Questions summarizing prior testimony are prohibited beyond the bare minimum needed to orient a witness.

Leading questions, except to expert witnesses, in cross-examination, or pursuant to Evidence Code § 776 are strongly discouraged and will be a negative factor in evaluating the credibility of the witness.

Court Hours. Court hours normally shall be Monday through Thursday, 9:00 a.m. to noon with a morning recess at 10:30 am and 1:30 to 4:30 p.m. with an afternoon recess at 3:00 pm, except Friday when the court hears other matters.